

Emergency Stabilization: West Seattle High-Rise Bridge

Washington ACI Chapter & SEAW Joint Meeting

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City of Seattle



Bridge Overview

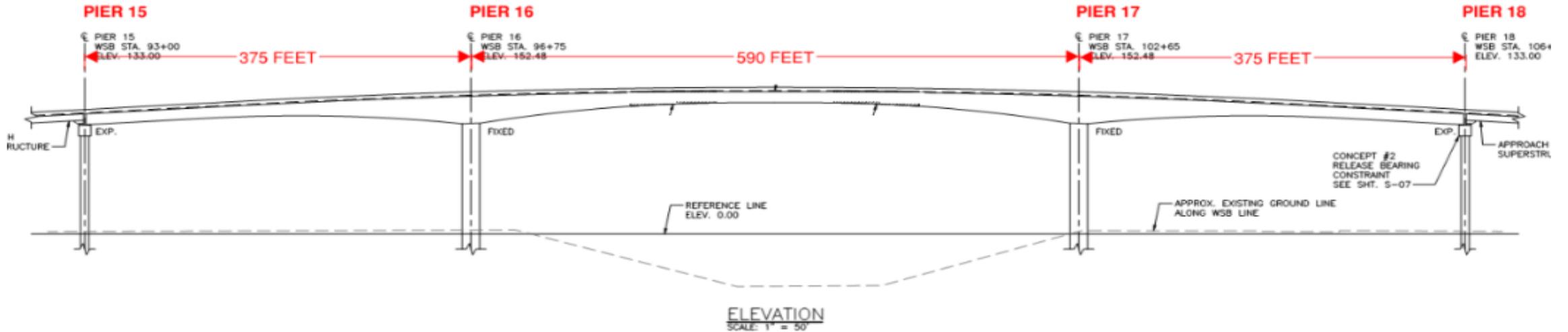
- Operational July 14, 1984
- Segmental construction
- Approximately 100,000 ADT
- Cracking prioritized in 2013
- Preventative maintenance and more frequent observations started immediately
- Load rating analysis in 2019



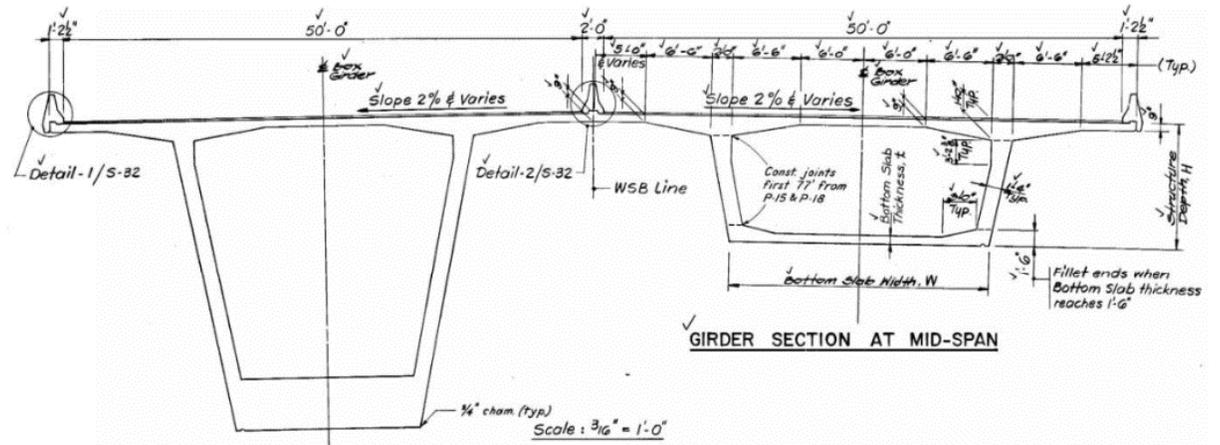
Segmental (CIP balanced cantilever)



Bridge Details



- Elevation (top)
 - Main span 590'
 - Flanking spans 375'
- Section (bottom)
 - Near Pier Table (left) $h \sim 30'$
 - Near mid-span (right) $h \sim 12'$



Bridge Assessment

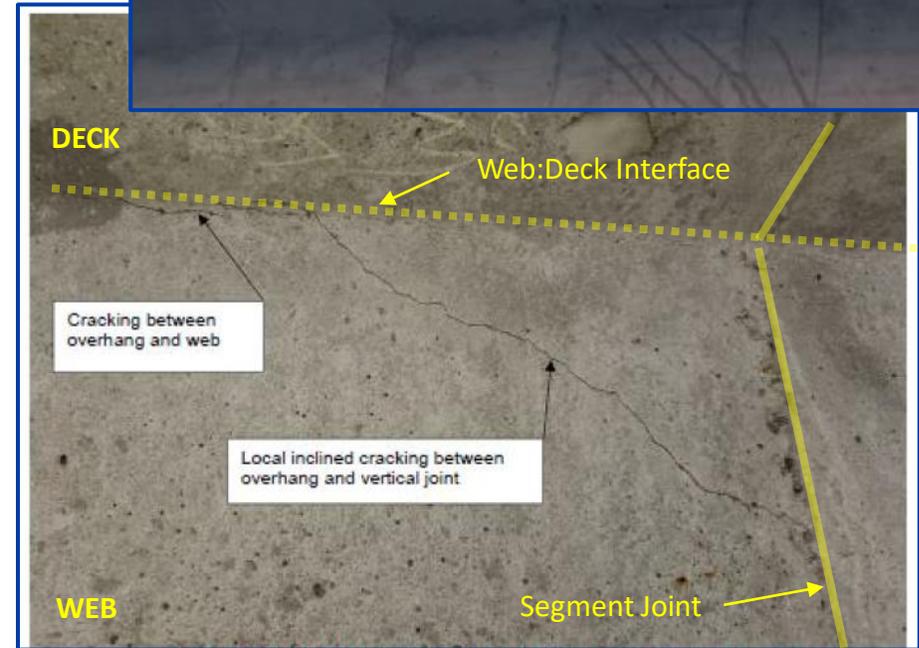
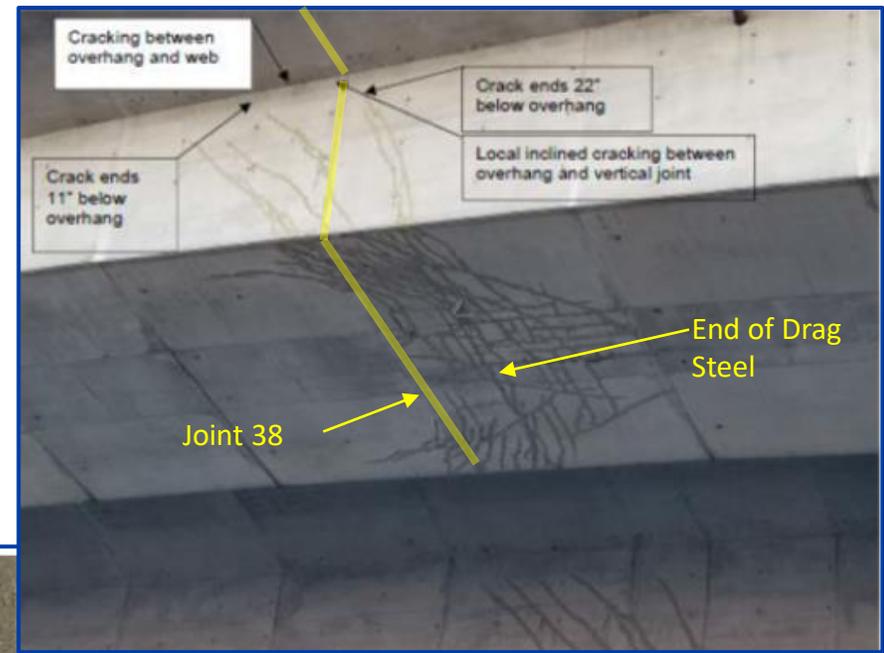
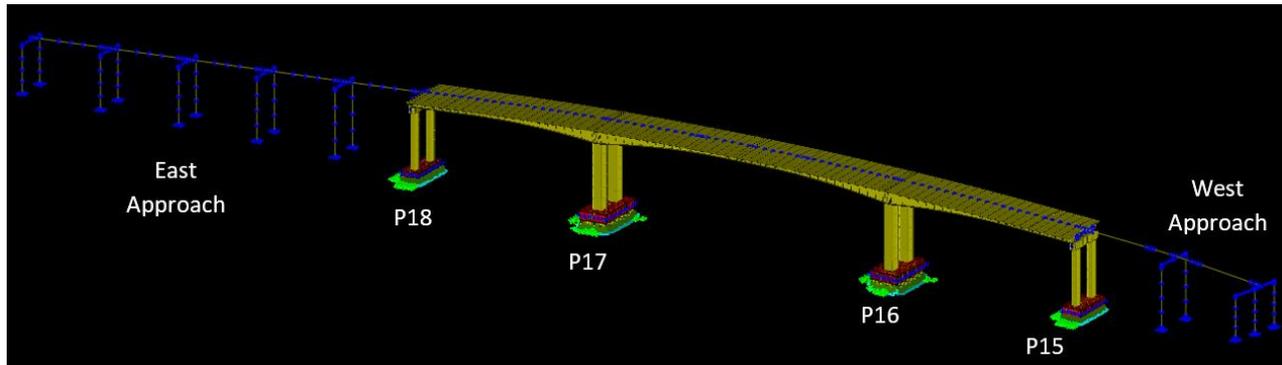
FAST ACT Federal Mandate

Load Rating

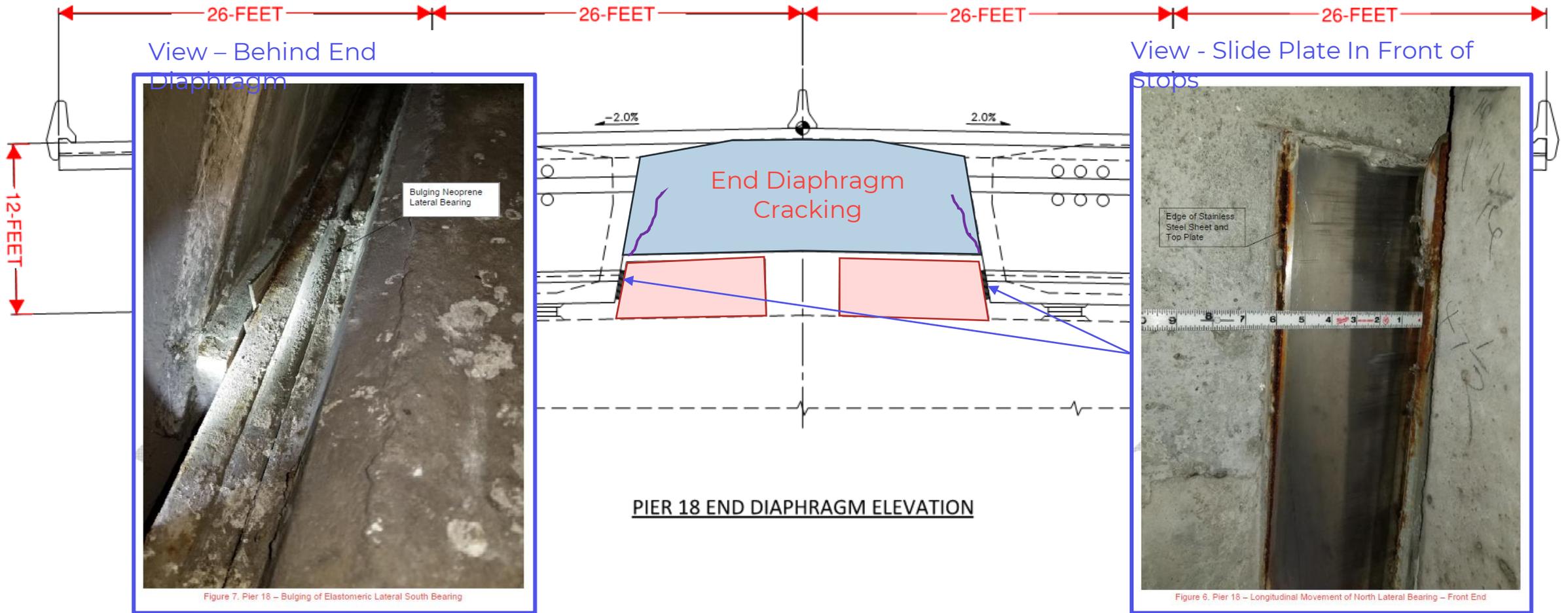
Known Main Span Cracking

Data Gathering

Field Observations



Bridge Assessment



Bridge Assessment

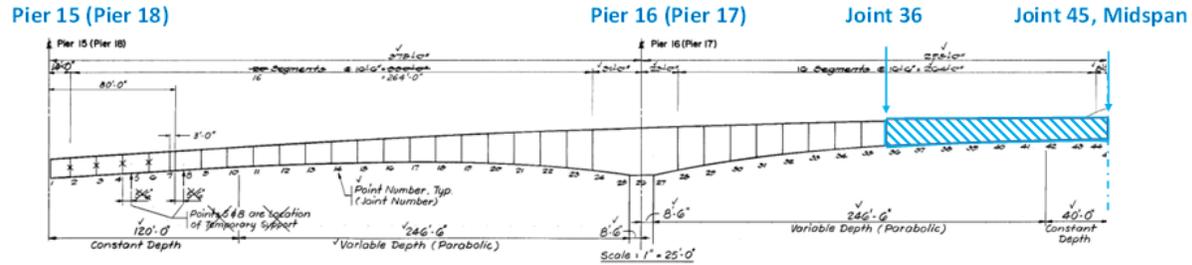


Figure 9: Longitudinal elevation. Pier 15 to the mid-span (the west half).

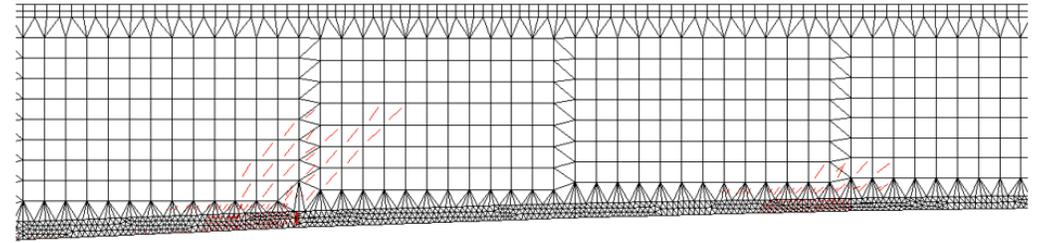


Figure 22: Crack diagram at load factor 0.9 of Phase I.

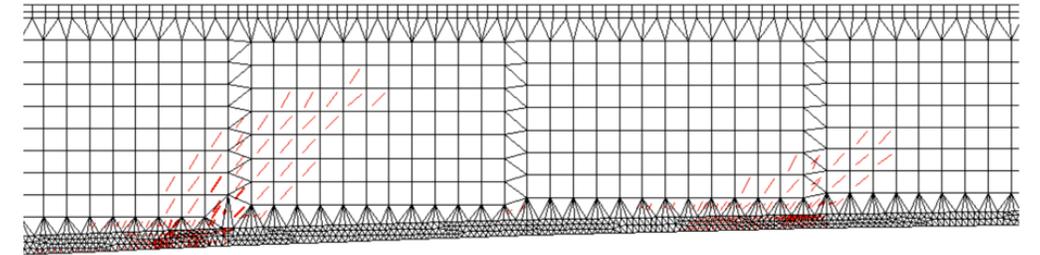


Figure 23: Crack diagram at load factor of 1.0 from a previous analysis

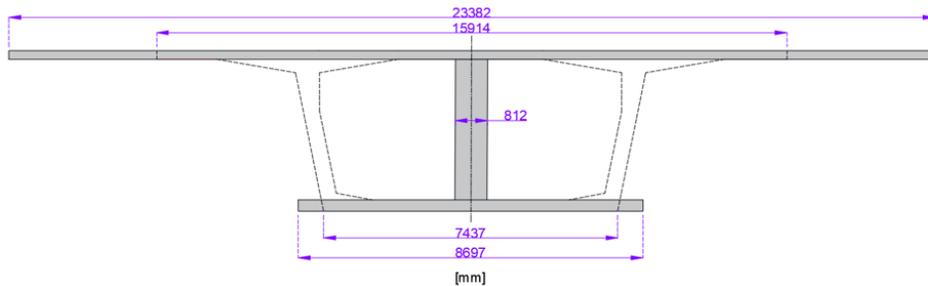
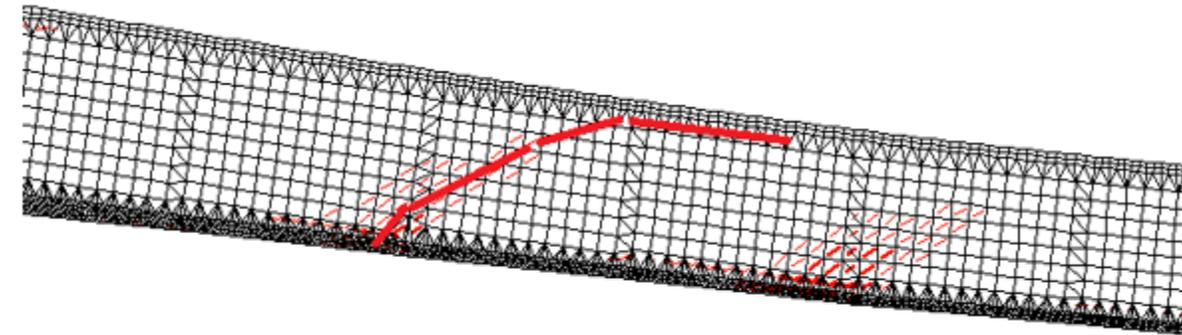
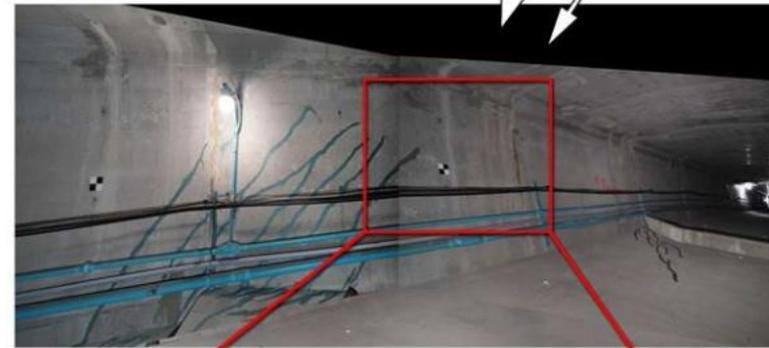
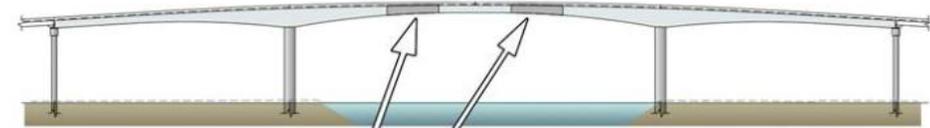


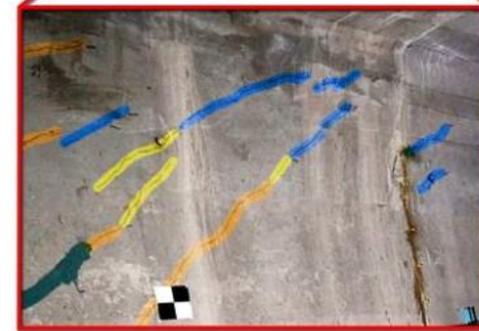
Figure 13: The analyzed I-shape beam cross-section (red) and the original cross-section (dashed line) at segment 12.



The Emergency

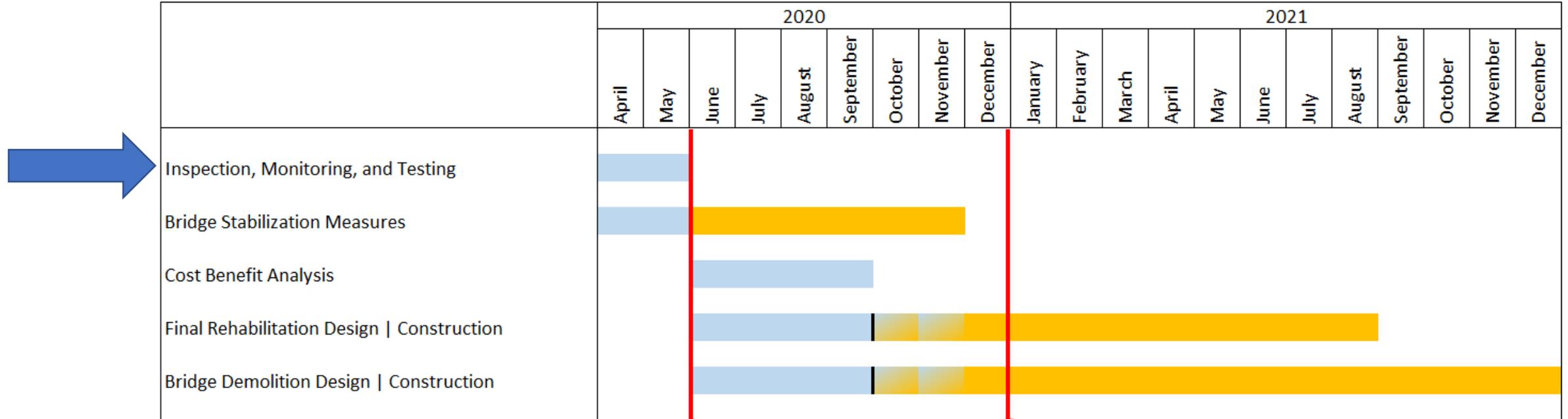


Interior of West Seattle Bridge showing outer wall and underside of road deck.



Previously identified cracks 2013 - August 2019
Observed Growth December 2019
December 2019 - March 6 2020
March 6 2020 - March 23 2020

Decision Matrix



LEGEND:

- Design Activities
- Construction Activities

Decision Point based on condition findings

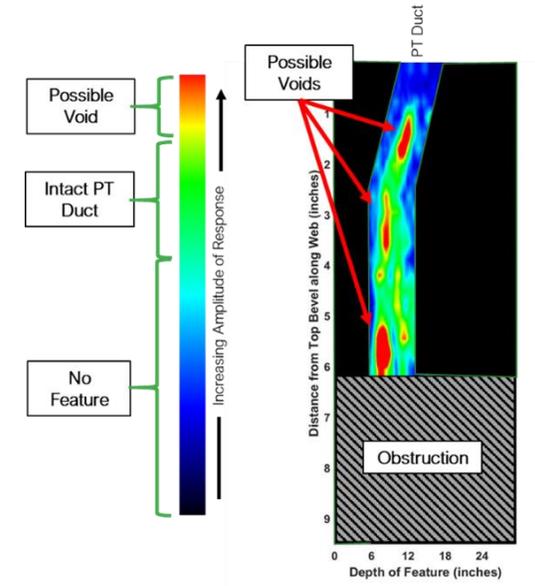
Decision Point based on findings from the CBA and observed behavior

Testing & Monitoring Overview

Providing information for the Decision Matrix

Nondestructive Evaluation (NDE) Testing (Condition)

- Examining condition at a material level
- Level of corrosion in mild steel and post-tension steel
- Concrete chemical properties – propensity for corrosion
- Depth of cracks



Scale

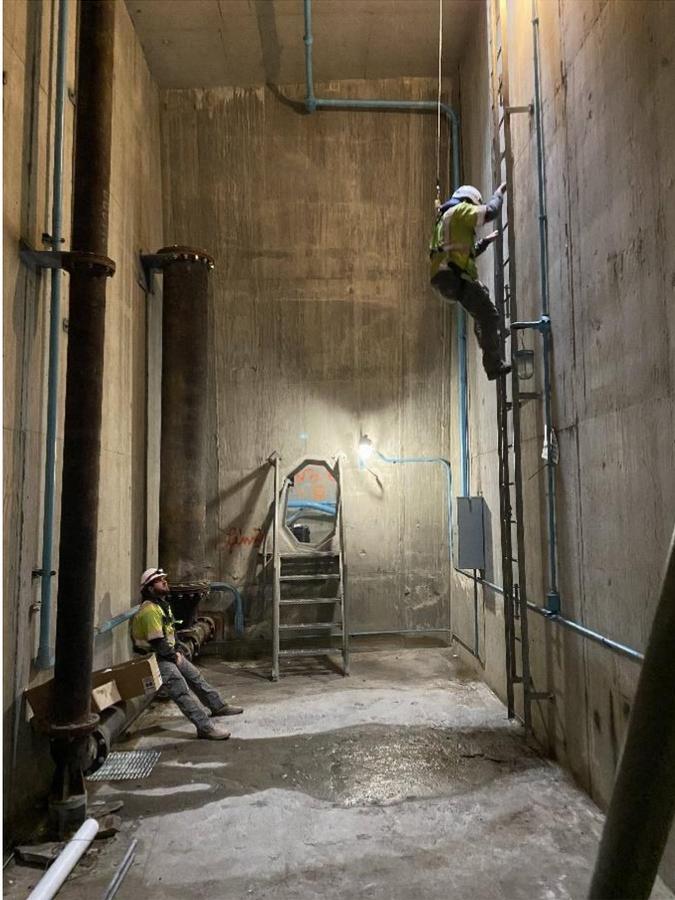
MIRA – D-Scan

Structural Health Monitoring (Performance)

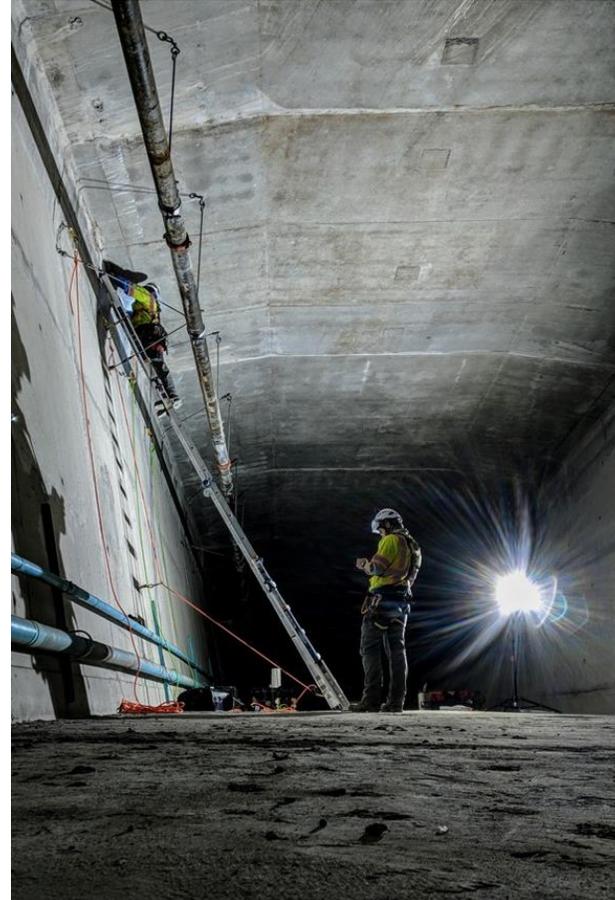
- Structural movement / deformation
- Change with respect to expectations
- Rate of change
- Safety



Testing & Monitoring



Confined space entry and air monitoring procedures



Ladders, removable bolts and fall protection to perform testing and material sampling (Photo Courtesy WSP)



SPRAT Ropes Access to obtain exterior concrete samples



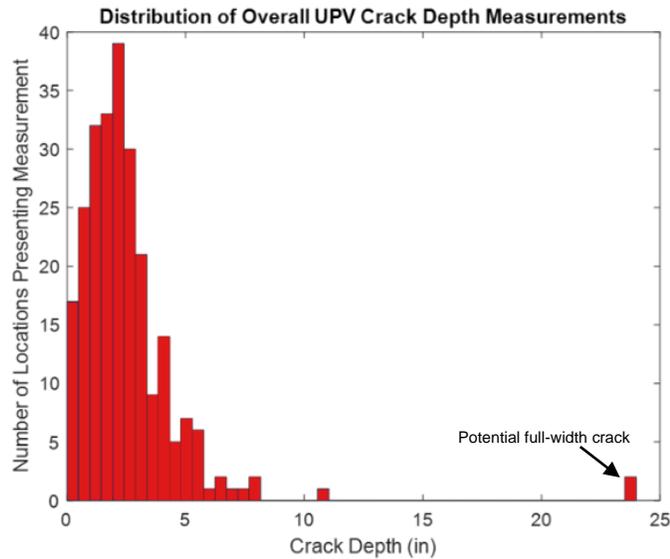
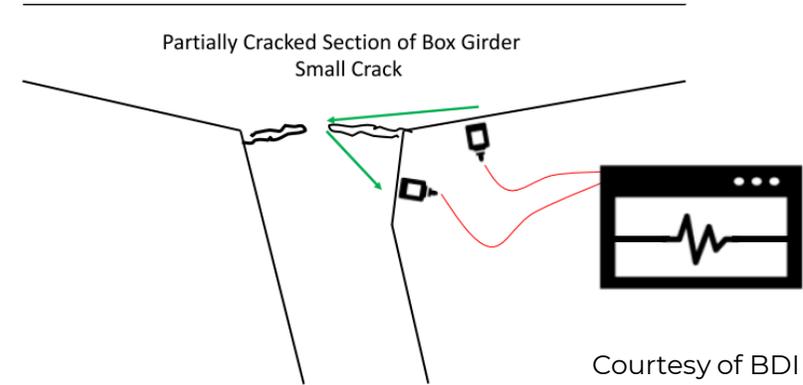
Testing (Crack Depths)

Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity (UPV)

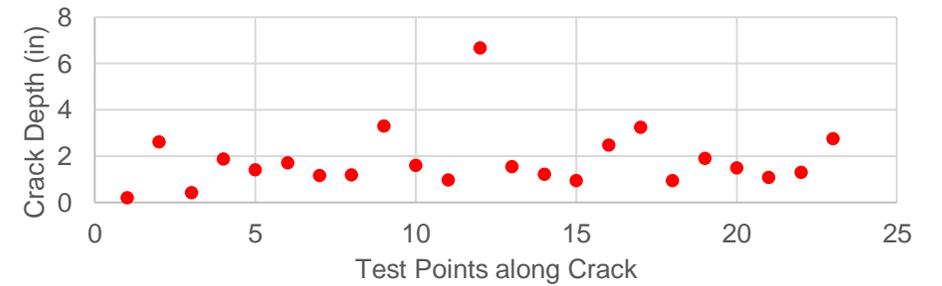
- UT probes above and below web-deck chamfer

Determine:

- Full-depth cracks (no signal)
- Depth of crack (time-of-flight)



Courtesy of BDI



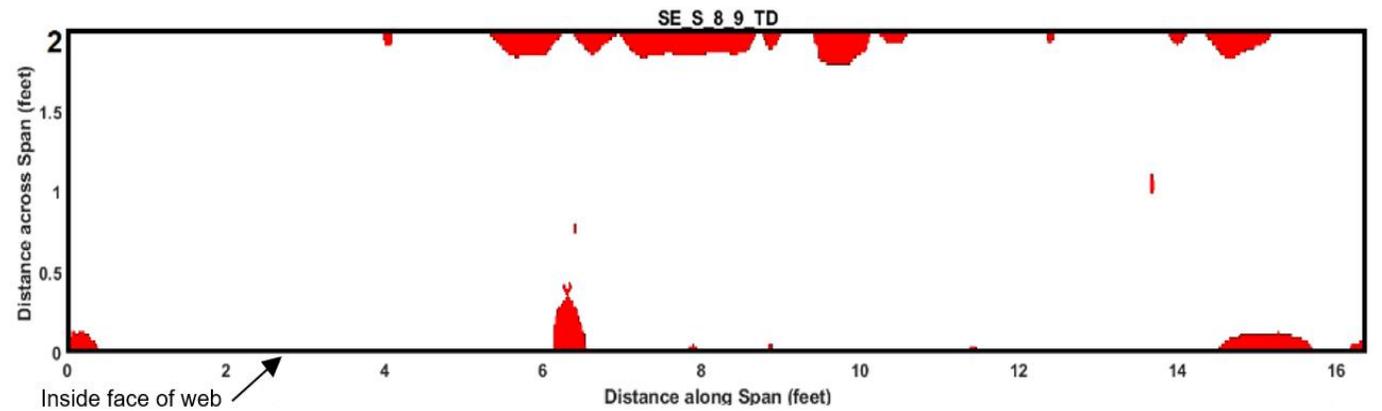
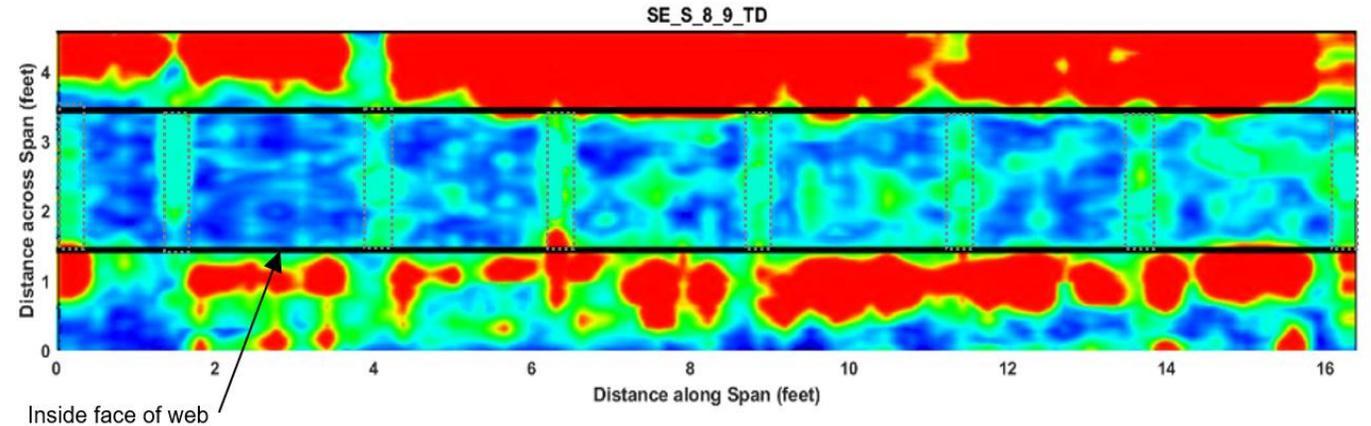
Testing (Crack Depths)

Ultrasonic shear wave tomography

- Scans from top of deck above web
- Assess depth of crack plane
- Compare to UPV results



Courtesy of BDI

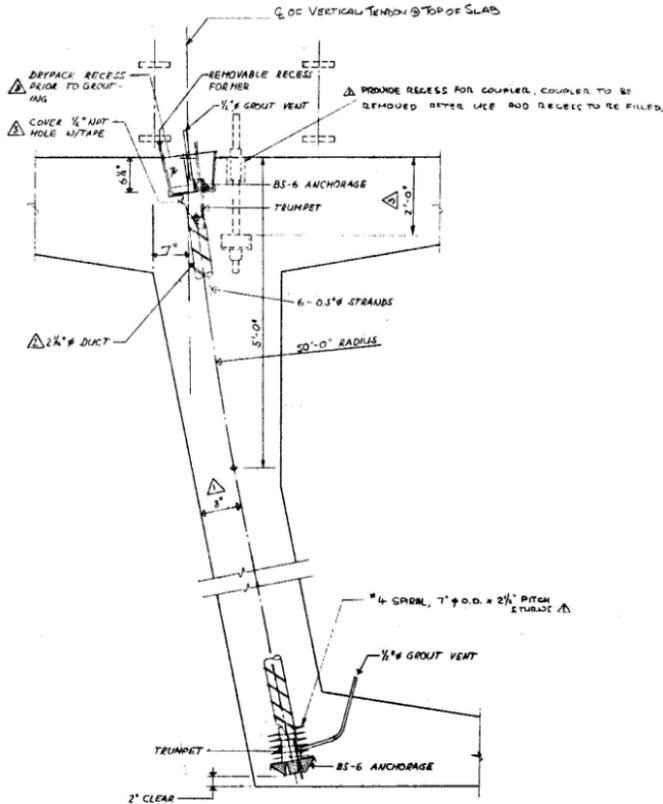


Ultrasonic Tomography Results as a Section Taken at Top of Web.

Courtesy of BDI

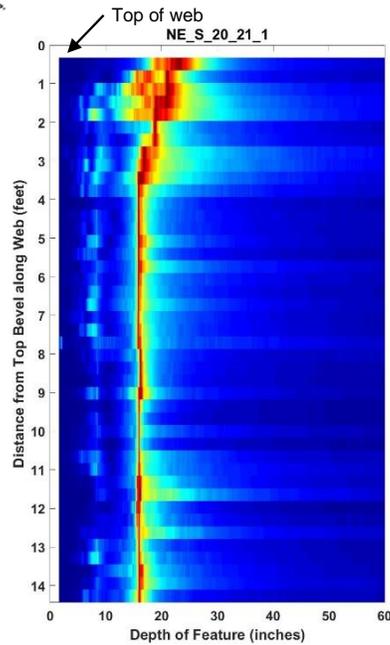


Testing (Condition of PT Tendons)



VERTICAL WEB TENDON ARRANGEMENT

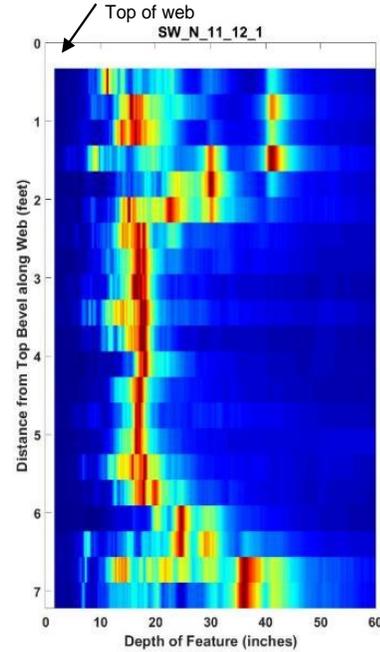
Impact echo



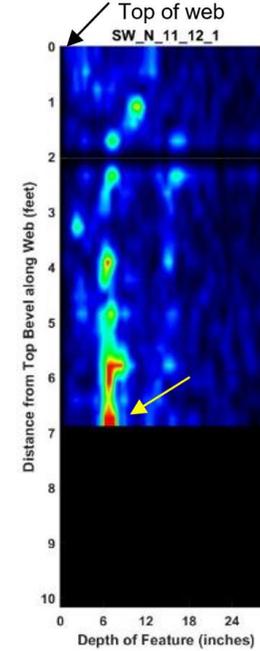
Intact grout



USW tomography



Voids in grout



Voids in grout

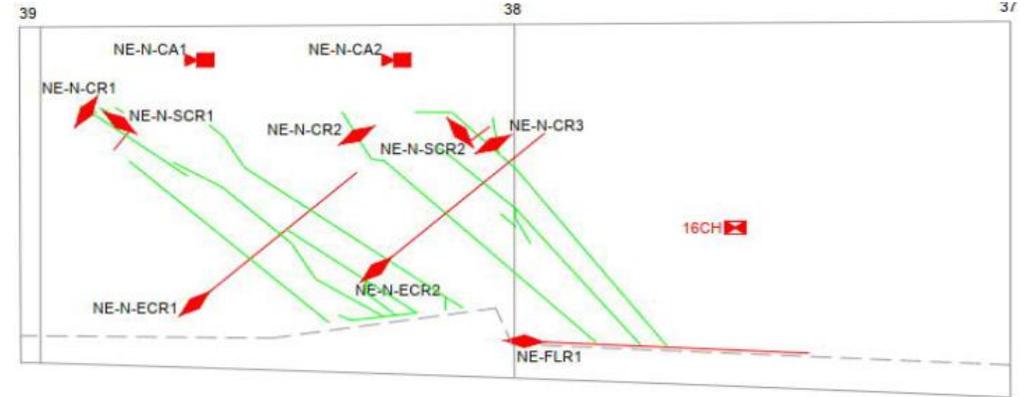
Ground truth



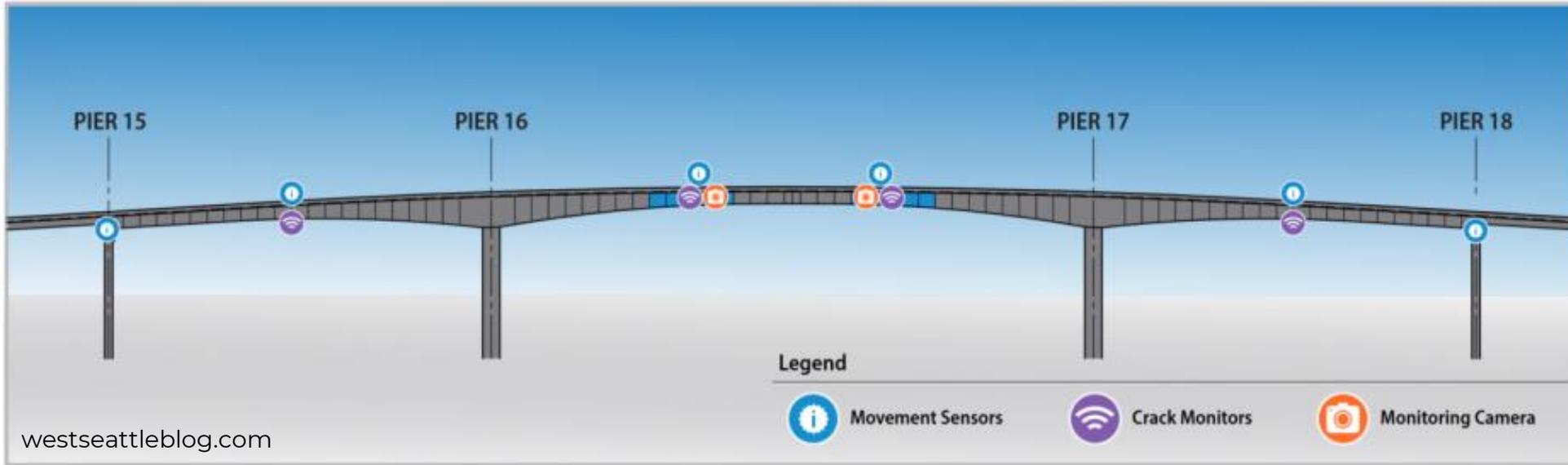
Monitoring

A suite of structural monitoring instrumentation

- Main span deflection– MEMS Shape Array
- Crack growth – vibrating wire crack gages
- End-span displacements – string potentiometers
- High resolution cameras
- Monitoring website with Alarms



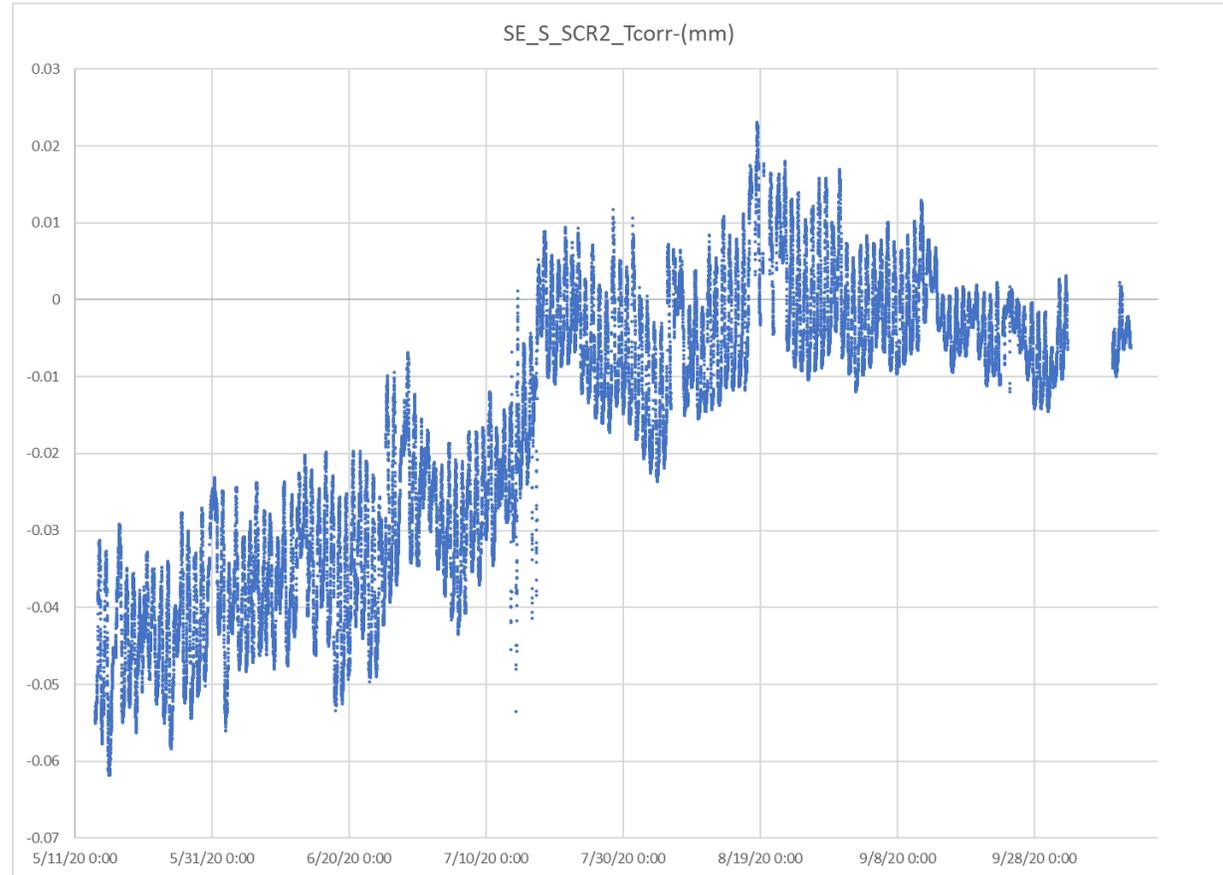
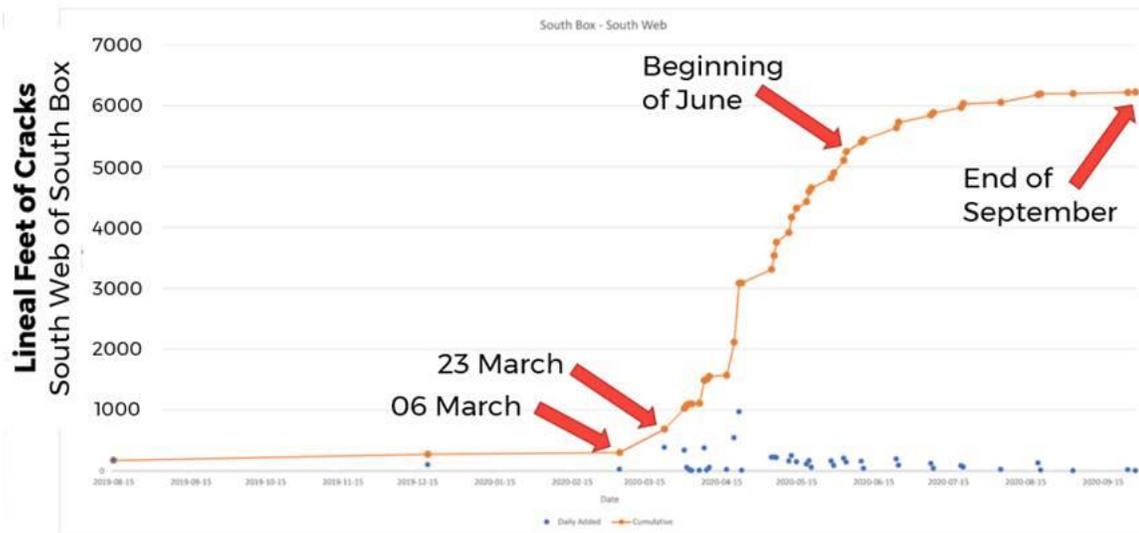
West Seattle High-Rise Bridge Intelligent Monitoring System



Monitoring

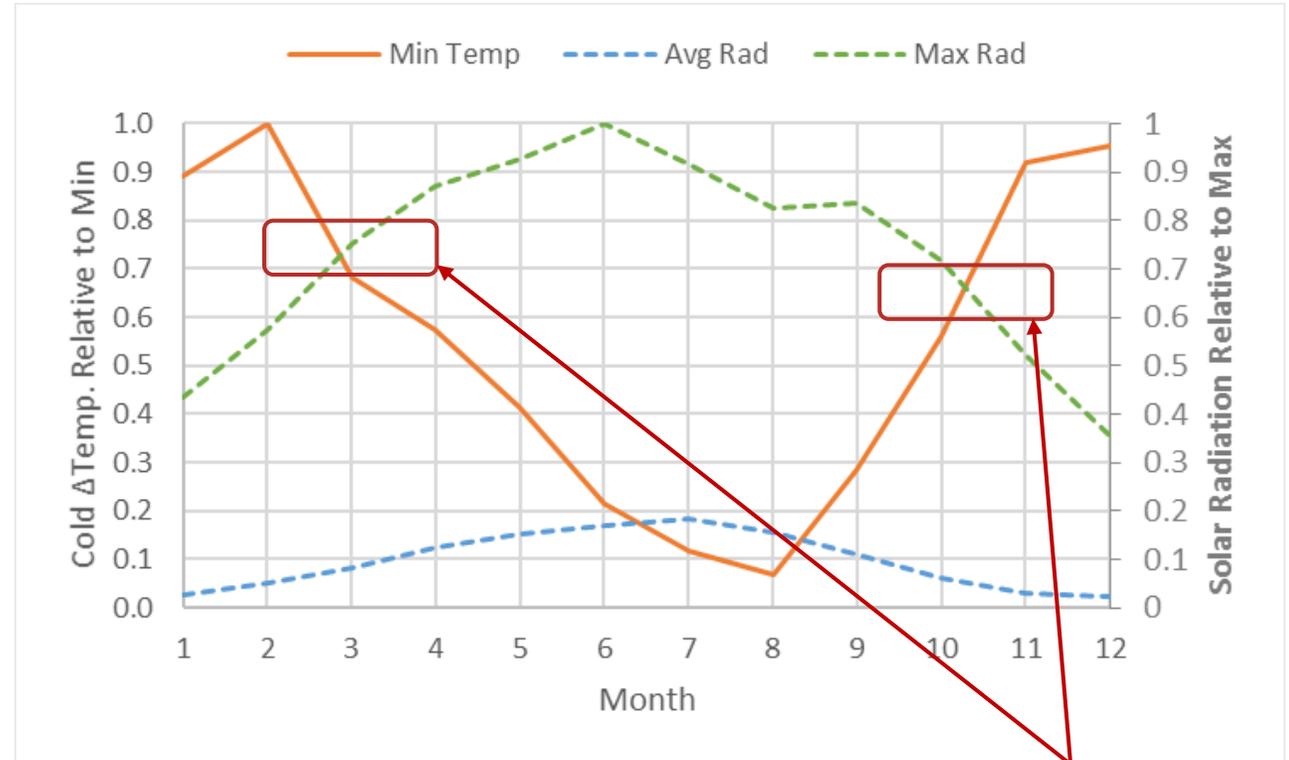
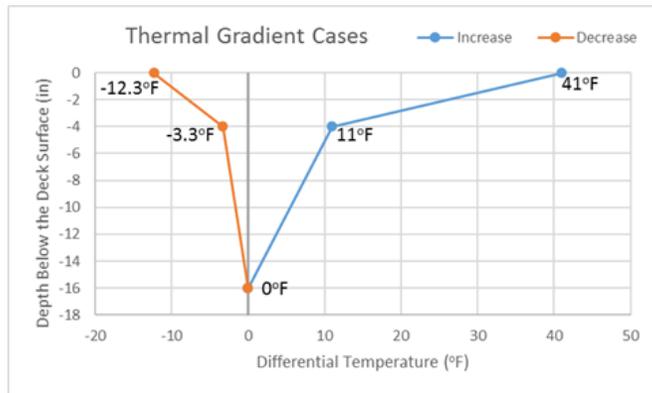
Crack growth has slowed since the spring

- Manual Measurements of crack length
- Temperature-corrected measure of crack slip



Data Correlations - Predicted vs Actual

	(Deg F)	(W/m ²)	Temperature (Deg F)
	Temperature	Solar Radiation	Relative to Avg
Avg	53.3	129.5	0
Min	16.9	0	-36.4
Max	103	1355	49.7



- Predictions made using University of Washington weather station temperature and solar radiation data as input.
- <http://www.weatherjon.org/meteo/pages/station/table.php>

Worst combination TU + TG is Spring and Fall seasons

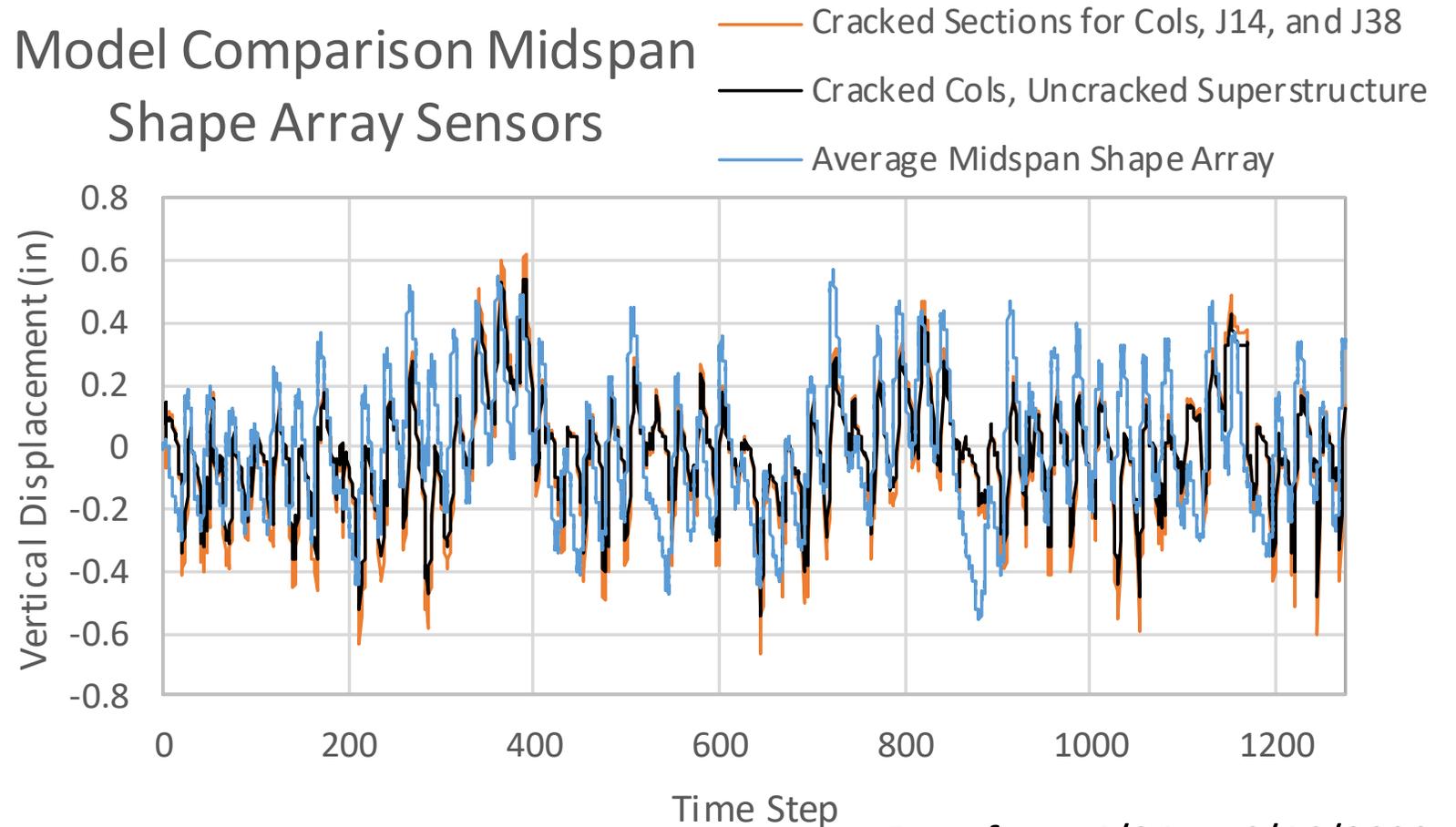


Data Correlations - Predicted vs Actual



- Same process used to scale TU and TG midspan vertical displacements using weather station temperature and solar radiation data.

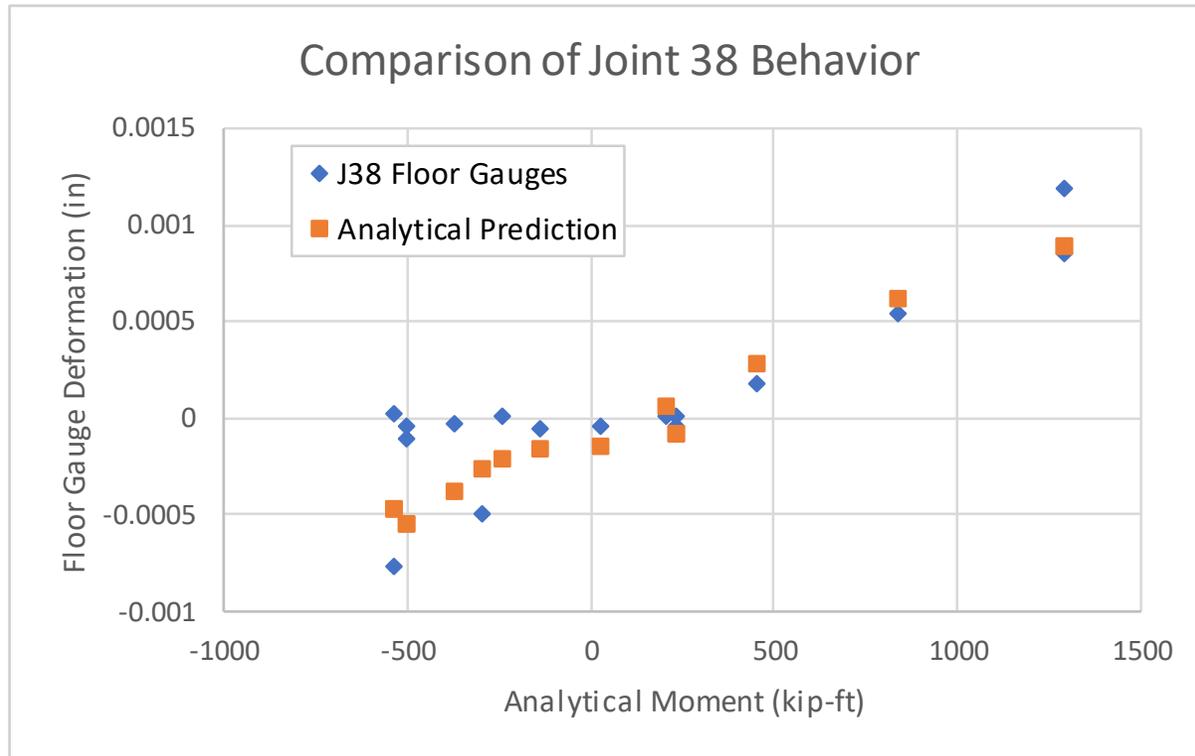
Model Comparison Midspan Shape Array Sensors



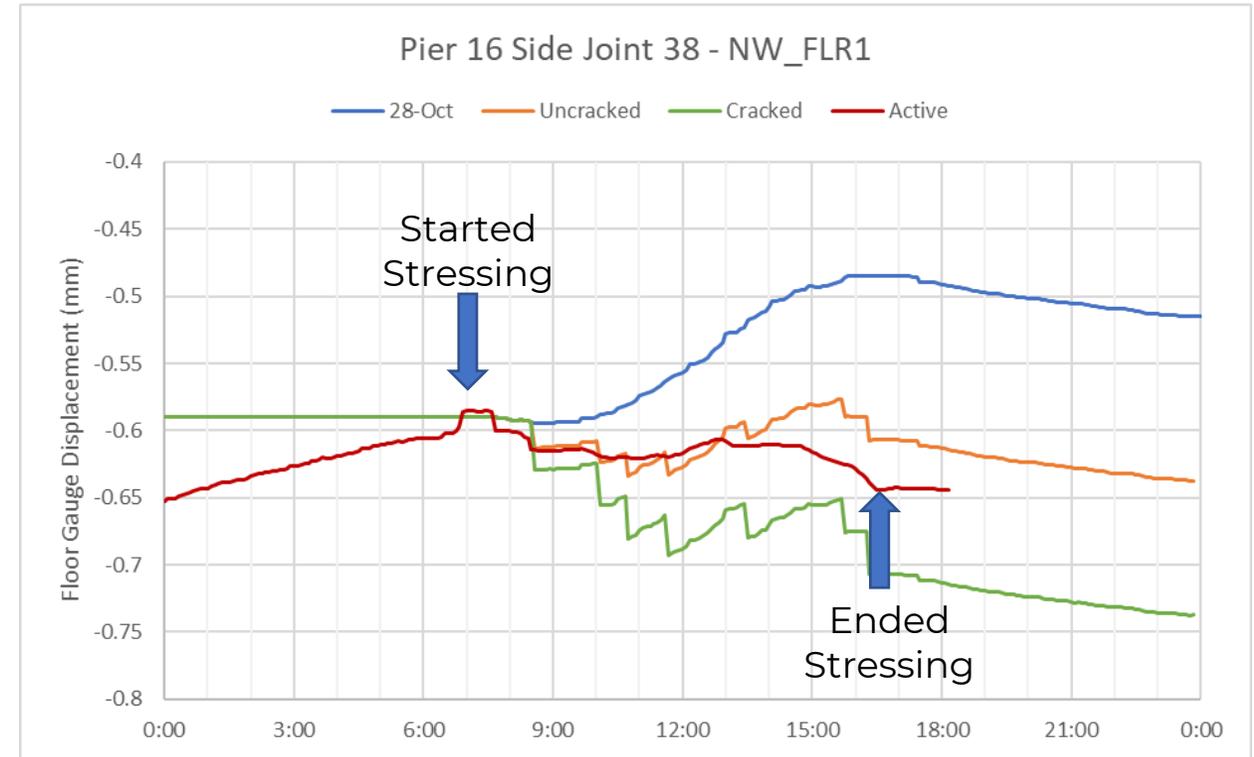
Data from 4/24 to 6/16/2020



Data Correlations - Predicted vs Actual

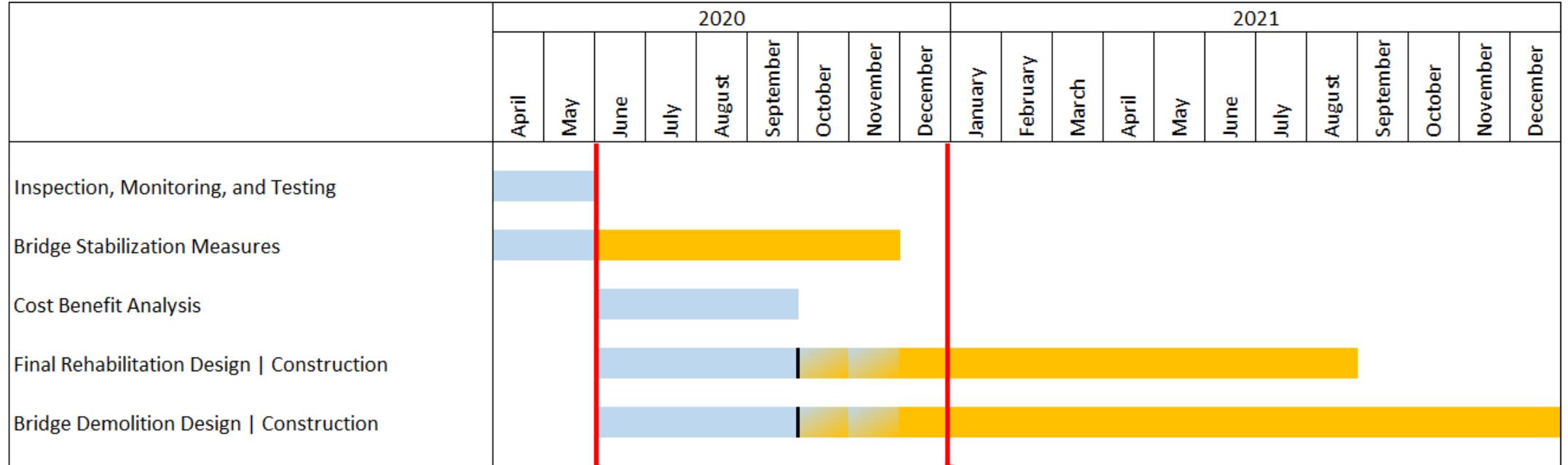


Platform Hoisting



Post-Tensioning

Decision Matrix



LEGEND:



Design Activities

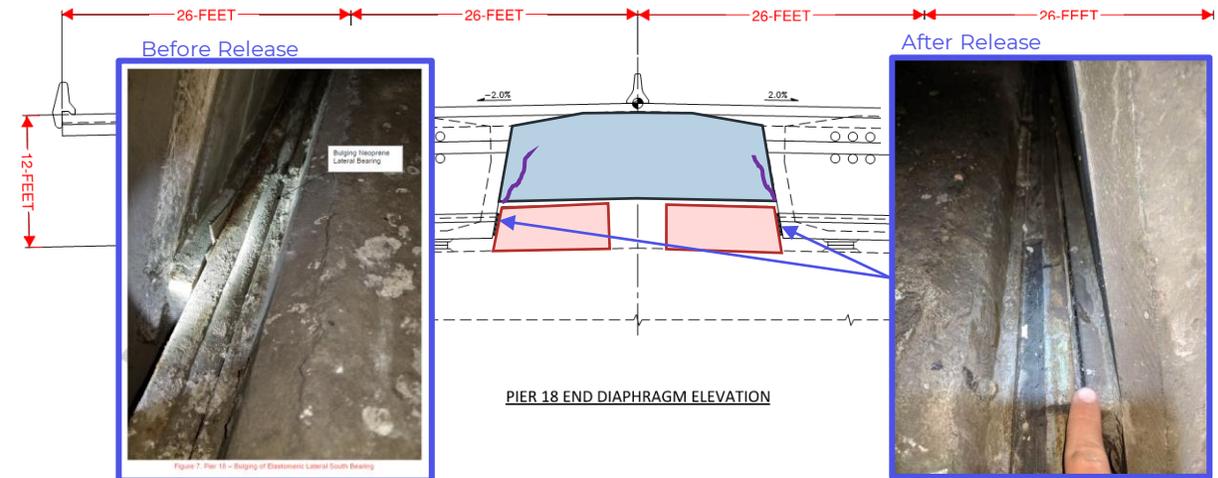


Construction Activities

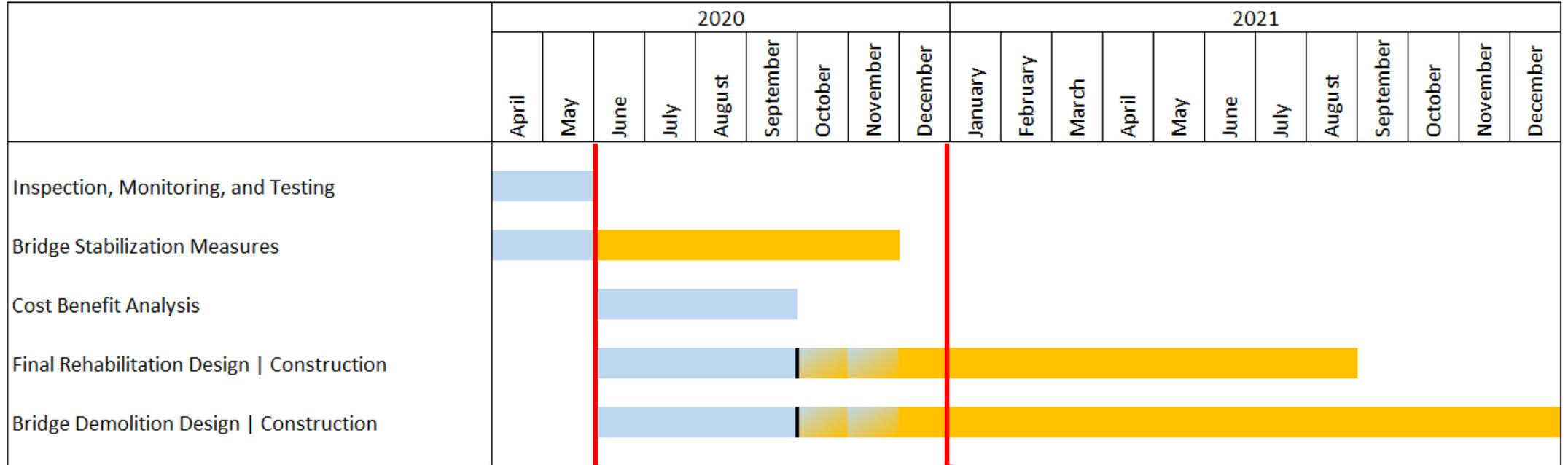
Decision Point based on condition findings

Decision Point based on findings from the CBA and observed behavior

Stabilization



Decision Matrix



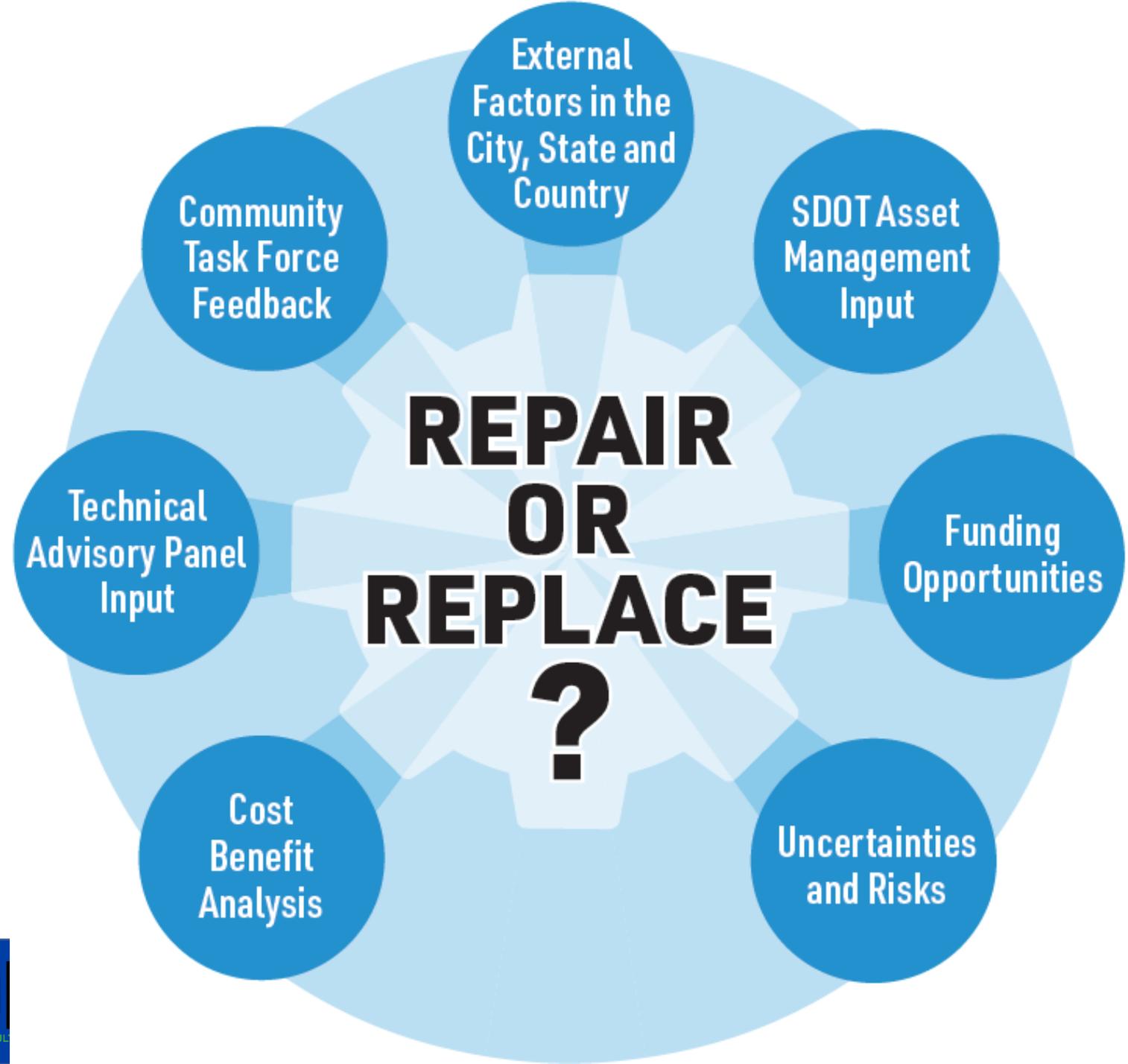
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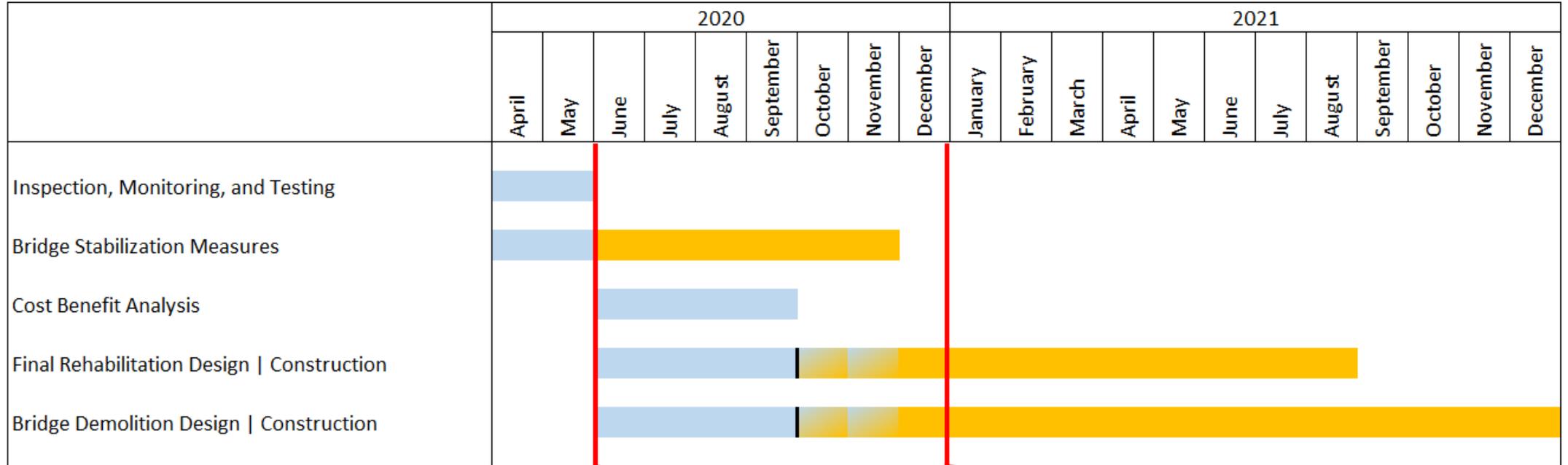
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How did we get here?



Decision Matrix



LEGEND:

- Design Activities
- Construction Activities

Decision Point based on condition findings

Decision Point based on findings from the CBA and observed behavior

Roadway Structures Division

- Total Division Staff of 63 Permanent Positions
 - 3 Main Groups
 - Movable Bridge Operations
 - Structural Maintenance
 - Structural Engineering
- Work Type Split
 - Operation & Maintenance
 - Capital Programs (Levy/Non-levy)
 - Subject Matter Expertise
 - Emergency Response/Incident Management Team
 - Equity Initiatives
 - Reimbursable Work



Making the Decision to Close

- Bridge closed in March 2020 due to rapid growth of cracks
- Decision Driven By:
 - Public Safety
 - Preserve Integrity of the Bridge
- Growth of cracks continued, confirming immediate removal of traffic was essential
- This was not a maintenance issue



Pivot to ER, NDE & Stabilization



The Importance of Leadership & Community Support

- Mayor Jenny Durkan
- Deputy Mayor Casey Sixkiller
- SDOT Director Sam Zimbabwe
- SDOT Deputy Director Lorelei Williams
- Program Director Heather Marx
- SDOT Roadway Structures Division
- City Budget Office
- Seattle City Council
- Regional Stakeholders
- WSDOT/FHWA
- Community Task Force/Technical Advisory Panel



Reconnect West Seattle

2020 / 2021 Implementation Plan

- 15,000 Surveys and 1,700 meetings
- Online project dashboard
- 55 projects
- Completed 21 projects
- Low bridge access policy



Learn more:

www.seattle.gov/ReconnectWestSeattle

Project Name
Sylvan Way Speed Radar

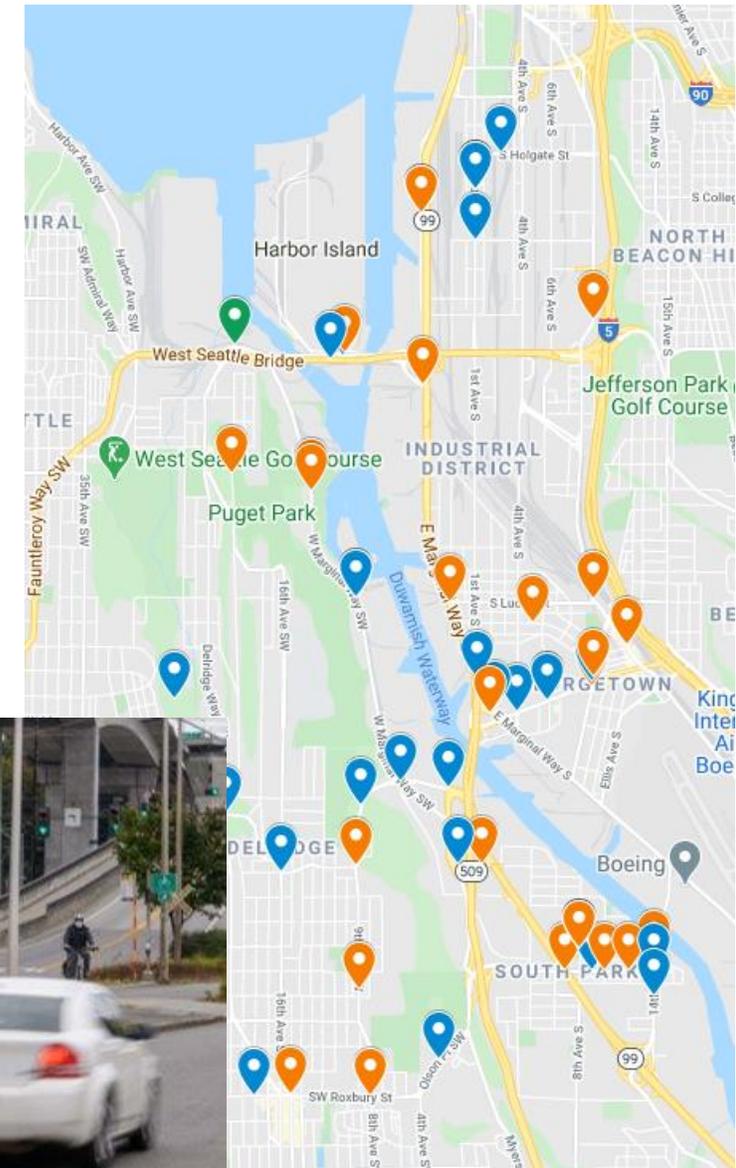
Project Year
2020

Project Description
Radar speed signs on Sylvan Way S

Request Origin
Detour Route Planning

Status
Complete

Project Site or Extents



Planning for the future

Eventual High-Rise Bridge Replacement

- Rapid to 30% Design
- Long-term Off Alignment

Reconnect West Seattle

- Redundant modes of travel
- Increasing bike and transit capacity

High & Low Bridges

- Heavy impact to Budget for Instrumentation, Inspection and Maintenance



Predicting the Future

- Business Practices Upgrades
- Consistent and Clear Communication
- Move from Reactive to Proactive
- Future Levy Focus on Maintenance

